Mensuration Test

Instruction: In the following questions, select the correct choice among the alternatives given below the question.

1. A beam 9 m long, 40 cm, wide and 20 cm high is made up of iron. Which weight's 50 kg per cubic metre. The weight of the beam is:

(a) 56 kg (b) 48 kg (c) 36 kg (d) 27 kg

2. The length of the longest rod that can be placed in room 30 m long, 24 m broad and 18 m high , is:

(a) 30 m (b) $15\sqrt{2 m}$ (c) $30\sqrt{2}$ m (d) 60 m

- 3. The maximum length of a rod, that can be kept in a rectangular box of dimension 8 cm × 6 cm × 2 cm is:
 - (a) $2\sqrt{13}$ cm (b) $2\sqrt{14}$ cm (c) $2\sqrt{26}$ cm (d) $10\sqrt{2}$ cm
- 4. A rectangular block 6 cm by 12 cm by 15 cm is cut up into exact number of equal cubes. The least possible number of equal cubes. The least possible number of cubes will be:

5. Three cubes of iron whose edge are 6 cm, 8 cm and 10 cm respectively are melted and formed into a single cube. The edge of new cube formed is:

- 6. The volume of a cube is 2744 cm³. its surface area is:

 (a) 196 cm²
 (b) 1176 cm²
 (c) 784 cm²
 (d) 588 cm²
- 7. A metal sheet 27 cm long, 8 cm broad and 1 cm thick is melted into a cube. The difference between surface areas of two solids is:

(a) 284 cm^2 (b) 286 cm^2 (c) 296 cm^2 (d) 300 cm^2

8. If the areas of three adjacent faces of a cuboid are *x*, *y*, *z* respectively, then the volume of the cuboid is:

(c) \sqrt{xyz} (a) xyz(b) 2*xyz* (d) $\sqrt[3]{xyz}$

9. If S be surface area and V be the volume of a cuboid of dimensions *abc* then $\frac{1}{v}$ is equal to:

(a)
$$\frac{s}{2}(a+b+c)$$
 (b) $\frac{2}{s}(\frac{1}{a}+\frac{1}{b}+\frac{1}{c})$

(c) $\frac{2S}{a+b+c}$	(d) 2S $(a + b + c)$			
10.If the areas o	f three adjacent fa	aces of a recta	ngular block	are in the
ratio of 2: 3: 4	and its volume is 9	000 cm ³ ; then t	the length of t	he shortest
side is:		, ,	U	
(a) 10 cm	(b) 15 cm	(d) 20 cm	(d) 30 c	m
11.The percentag	e increase in the su	urface area of a	a cube when o	each side is
doubled is:				
(a) 25%	(b) 50 %	(c) 150	<mark>)% (</mark>	d) 300%
12.The curved su	<mark>rface area of a rig</mark>	<mark>ht circular cyli</mark>	inder of base	radius <i>r</i> is
obtained by m	<mark>ultiplying its volum</mark>	ne by:		
(a) $\frac{2}{r^2}$	(b) 2 <i>r</i> ²	(c) $\frac{2}{r}$		d) 2 <i>r</i>
13.A copper sphere of radius 3 cm is beaten and drawn into a wire of				
diameter 0.2 c	<mark>m, the length o</mark> f wir	re is:		
(a) 9 m	(b) 12 m	(c) 18	m (d) 36 m
14.A cylindrical	<mark>vessels 60 cm in d</mark> ia	<mark>ameter is parti</mark>	<mark>ally filled wit</mark>	h water. A
sphere 30 cm	in diameter is drop	ped into it. Th	e increase in	the level of
water in the ve	essel is:			
(a) 2 cm	(b) 3 cm	(c) 4 cm	(d) 5 cn	n
15.Two equal volumes circular cylinders have their heights in the ratio 2:1.				
The ratio of th	eir radii is:			
(a) 2: 1	(b) 1: 2		(c) $\sqrt{2}$: 1	(d) 1:
$\sqrt{2}$				
16.Find the ratio	of the volumes of a	a cylinder, a c o	one and a sph	nere if each
has the same d	liameter and same l	height:		
(a) 1: 3: 2	(b) 2: 3: 1	(c) 3: 1: 2	(d) 3: 2	: 1
17.The radius of a sphere is R and the radius of the base as well as the				
height of cylin	der is R, the ratio o	of their volume	is:	
(a) 4: 3	(b) 3: 4		(c) 2: 3	
(d) 3:2				
18.Three spherical metal balls of radii 6 cm, 8 cm and R cm are melted into				
a solid sphere of radius 12 cm, the value of R is:				
(a) 8 cm	(b) 10 cm	(c) 14 cm	(d) 18 c	m
19.A cone and sphere have equal radii and volumes. The ratio of the				
diameter of sphere to the height of the cone is:				

(a) 3:1	(b) 1: 3	(c) 6: 1
(d) 1:2		

20.A hemisphere of lead of radius 6 cm is cast into a right circular cone of heights 75 cm. the radius of the base of the cone is:

(a) 1.4 cm	(b) 2 cm	(c) 2.4 cm	(d) 4.2 cm
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Answers to the above questions

Questions	Answers
no.	
1.	(c)
2.	(c)
3.	(c)
4.	(d)
5.	(a)
6.	(b)
7.	(b)
8.	(c)
9.	(b)
10.	(b)
11.	(d)
12.	(c)
13.	(d)
14.	(d)
15.	(d)
16.	(c)
17.	(a)
18.	(b)
19.	(d)
20.	(c)